# Preliminary Safety of Bcl-2 Inhibitor BGB-11417 in Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma Harboring t(11,14): Phase 1b/2 Study

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### INTRODUCTION

- Patients harboring the t(11;14) translocation when treated with Bcl-2 inhibitors have better outcomes<sup>1</sup>
- BGB-11417 was developed as a potent and highly selective inhibitor of Bcl-2<sup>2</sup>
- Combining Bcl-2 inhibitor with dexamethasone or a proteasome inhibitor can improve clinical outcomes<sup>3</sup>
- Dexamethasone shifts Bim binding to Bcl-2, resulting in an increased sensitivity to Bcl-2 inhibition<sup>4</sup>
- A combination of Bcl-2 inhibitor with a proteasome inhibitor provides a synergistic effect causing cell death<sup>4</sup>
- In nonclinical studies, BGB-11417 has demonstrated better selectivity and potency compared with venetoclax alone, potentially leading to deeper responses and an improved safety profile<sup>5</sup>
- Here we present the dose escalation data for BGB-11417 in combination with dexamethasone from Part 1 of the BGB-11417-105 study in patients with R/R MM harboring t(11;14)

### **OBJECTIVES (PART 1)**

### **Primary objective:**

 Safety, tolerability, and RP2D of BGB-11417 in combination with dexamethasone with or without carfilzomib, MTD for BGB-11417 in combination with dexamethasone

### Secondary objective:

AEs, n (%)	BGB-11417 (80 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (160 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (320 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (640 mg) (n=3)	All patients (N=12)
Insomnia	1 (33)	3 (100)	2 (67)	0	6 (50)
COVID-19	0	1 (33)	1 (33)	1 (33)	3 (25)
Fatigue	1 (33)	0	2 (67)	0	3 (25)
Alopecia	0	1 (33)	0	1 (33)	2 (17)
Arthralgia	1 (33)	0	1 (33)	0	2 (17)
Back pain	0	1 (33)	1 (33)	0	2 (17)
Dyspnea	0	0	2 (67)	0	2 (17)
Nausea	1 (33)	1 (33)	0	0	2 (17)

**Poster # BSH23-PO150** 

Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.

• One patient had grade 2 neutropenia, which did not lead to dose modifications or discontinuation

PK of BGB-11417 in combination with dexamethasone with or without carfilzomib

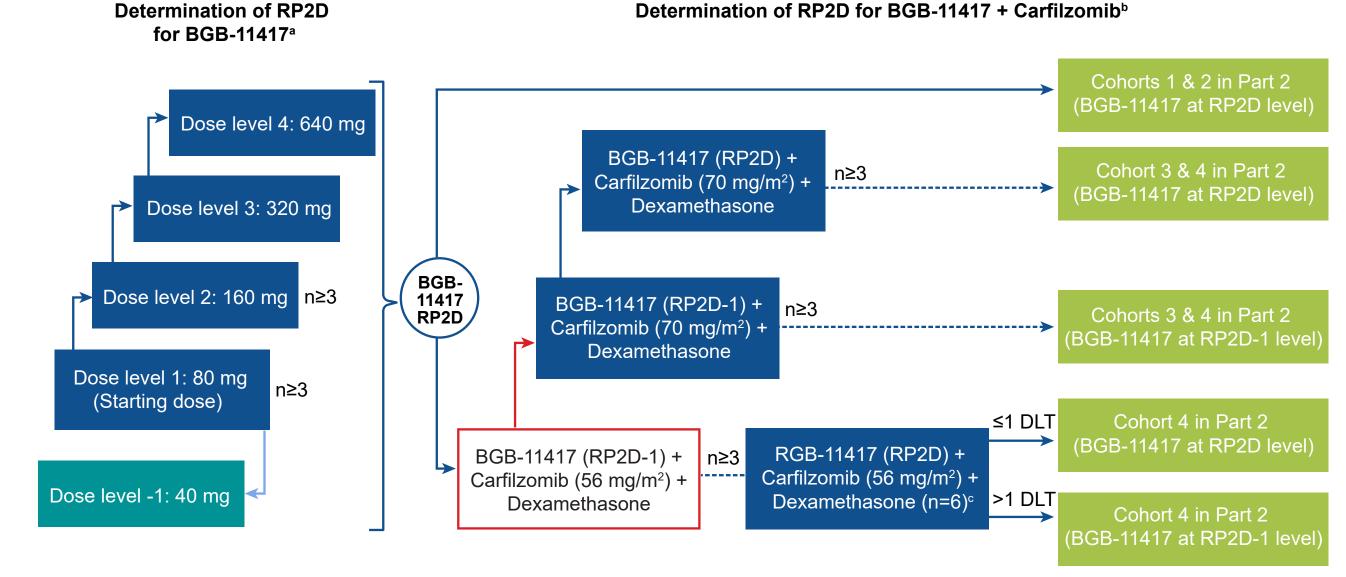
#### **Exploratory objectives:**

• ORR of BGB-11417 in combination with dexamethasone with or without carfilzomib, PK of dexamethasone in combination with BGB-11417

## METHODS

- BGB-11417-105 is an open-label, multicenter, phase 1b/2 dose escalation study of BGB-11417 + dexamethasone and BGB-11417 + dexamethasone and carfilzomib in patients harboring t(11;14) R/R MM (Figure 1)
- Bone marrow t(11;14) status was centrally assessed at study entry using fluorescence in situ hybridization (Abbott Laboratories)
- Responses were assessed as per International Myeloma Working Group 2016 criteria
- AEs were reported per CTCAE v5.0
- Nonhematologic DLTs included grade ≥3 nonhematologic toxicity except alopecia and laboratory TLS or TLS-related laboratory AEs that resolved (grade ≤1 or baseline) in ≤3 days; asymptomatic biochemical laboratory abnormalities that resolved (grade ≤1 or baseline) in ≤7 days; grade 2 gastrointestinal toxicity (nausea, vomiting or diarrhea) unresponsive to treatment for ≥7 days; and grade 2 neuropathy with pain that did not resolve to grade ≤1 within 2 weeks
- Hematologic DLTs included grade ≥4 hematological toxicity, grade ≥3 febrile neutropenia or neutropenia lasting >7 days with GCS-F support, and grade ≥3 thrombocytopenia lasting >7 days or resulting in clinically significant bleeding
- Dose escalation (after a 21-day DLT window) was guided by an mTPI-2 design
- RP2D will be defined by reviewing the totality of safety, efficacy, and PK data in all tested cohorts

Figure 1. Study Design Part 1 Dose Escalation in Patients Harboring t(11;14) R/R MM



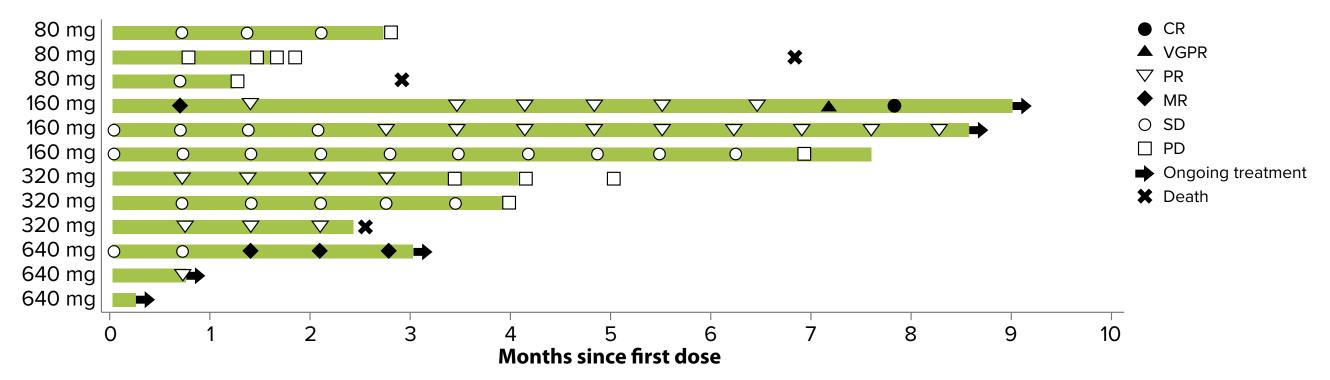
#### Table 4. Grade ≥3 Treatment-Emergent AEs

AEs, n (%)	BGB-11417 (80 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (160 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (320 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (640 mg) (n=3)	All patients (N=12)
Alanine aminotransferase increased <sup>a</sup>	0	1 (33)	0	0	1 (8)
Aspartate aminotransferase increased <sup>a</sup>	0	1 (33)	0	0	1 (8)
Serum alkaline phosphatase increased <sup>a</sup>	0	1 (33)	0	0	1 (8)
Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased <sup>a</sup>	0	1 (33)	0	0	1 (8)
COVID-19	0	0	1 (33)	0	1 (8)

Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.

 $^{\circ}$ Grade  $\geq$ 3 treatment-emergent AEs included in this table were observed in the same patient.

#### **Figure 2. Duration of Treatment and Best Response**



Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.

#### **Table 5. Disease Response by Investigator**

AEs, n (%)	BGB-11417 (80 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (160 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (320 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (640 mg) (n=3)	All patients (N=12)
Best overall response, n (%)					
s C R	0	0	0	0	0

Dashed arrow indicated the dose combination of BGB-11417 + carfilzomib is selected as the combination MTD or MAD.

<sup>a</sup>BGB-11417 + dexamethasone (40 mg weekly); dose escalation guided by mTPI-2: target toxicity probability = 0.2, EI = (0.15, 0.25); maximum dose sample size = 18. <sup>b</sup>BGB-11417 + carfilzomib (56 mg/m<sup>2</sup> or 70 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly + dexamethasone (40 mg weekly); dose escalation guided by mTPI-2: target toxicity probability = 0.25, EI = (0.2, 0.3); maximum dose sample size = 18 + 6 for BGB-11417 RP2D + carfilzomib 56 mg/m<sup>2</sup> + dexamethasone. <sup>c</sup>Can open as soon as the dose combination of BGB-11417 (RP2D-1) + carfilzomib (70 mg/m<sup>2</sup>) + dexamethasone is suggested to be eliminated and data of BGB-11417 (RP2D-1) + carfilzomib (56 mg/m<sup>2</sup>) + dexamethasone allow for further dose escalation per mTPI-2 decision table.

### Table 1. Baseline Demographics and Disease Characteristics

Characteristic	BGB-11417 (80 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (160 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (320 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (640 mg) (n=3)	All patients (N=12)
Median age (range), years	62 (59-74)	70 (61-81)	68 (52-79)	74 (66-74)	69 (52-81)
Sex, n (%)					
Male	2 (67)	0	1 (33)	1 (33)	4 (33)
Female	1 (33)	3 (100)	2 (67)	2 (67)	8 (67)
ECOG PS, n (%)					
0	1 (33)	3 (100)	2 (67)	1 (33)	7 (58)
1	2 (67)	0	1 (33)	2 (67)	5 (42)
R-ISS stage at initial diagnosis, n (%)					
Stage I	0	2 (67)	0	1 (33)	3 (25)
Stage II	1 (33)	1 (33)	2 (67)	1 (33)	5 (42)
Stage III	2 (67)	0	1 (33)	0	3 (25)
Missing	0	0	0	1 (33)	1 (8)
Mean time from most recent R/R episode to first dose (SD), months	2 (1.5)	6 (5.4)	1 (0.5)	3 (2.2)	3 (3.2)
Cytogenic risk, n (%)					
High	0	1 (33)	0	1 (33)	2 (17)
Normal risk	1 (33)	1 (33)	2 (67)	2 (67)	6 (50)
Unknown	2 (67)	1 (33)	1 (33)	0	4 (33)
Number of prior lines, n (%)					
1	0	0	1 (33)	0	1 (8)
2-3	0	2 (67)	2 (67)	1 (33)	5 (42)
>3	3 (100)	1 (33)	0	2 (67)	6 (50)
Prior exposure					
anti-CD38 monoclonal antibodies	3 (100)	0	1 (33)	2 (67)	6 (50)
Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.					

	•	C	0	0	0
CR	0	1 (33)	0	0	1 (8)
VGPR	0	0	0	0	0
PR	0	1 (33)	2 (67)	1 (33)	4 (33)
MR	0	0	0	1 (33)	1 (8)
SD	2 (67)	1 (33)	1 (33)	0	4 (33)
PD	1 (33)	0	0	0	1 (8)
Ongoing without post-baseline tumor assessment	0	0	0	1 (33)	1 (8)
ORR, n (%)	0	2 (68)	2 (67)	1 (33)	5 (42)
(95% CI)ª	(0-71)	(9-99)	(9-99)	(1-91)	(15-72)
VGPR or BRR, n (%)	0	1 (33)	0	0	1 (8)
(95% CI)ª	(0-71)	(1-91)	(O-71)	(O-71)	(0-39)
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Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.

<sup>a</sup>The 95% CI was estimated using the Clopper-Pearson method.

### CONCLUSIONS

- These early phase 1 results suggest that BGB-11417 is tolerable in combination with dexamethasone
  - No DLTs were seen across the 4 dose levels tested
  - No grade ≥3 TRAEs were observed
  - Toxicities were rare and manageable. The only hematologic toxicity seen was 1 case of grade 2 neutropenia, which did not lead to dose modifications or discontinuation
- BGB-11417 demonstrated activity at all tested dose levels, and most patients achieved disease control
  - One patient achieved CR in the 160 mg cohort

Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.

AEs, n (%)	BGB-11417 (80 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (160 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (320 mg) (n=3)	BGB-11417 (640 mg) (n=3)	All patients (N=12)
Patients with ≥1 treatment related AE	2 (67)	3 (100)	3 (100)	1 (33)	9 (75)
Grade ≥3 AEs	0	0	0	0	0
Serious	0	0	0	0	0
Leading to death	0	0	0	0	0
Leading to dose interruption					
Dose interruption of BGB-11417	0	0	0	0	0
Dose interruption of dexamethasone	0	0	0	0	0
Leading to dose reduction					
Dose reduction of BGB-11417	0	0	0	0	0
Dose reduction of dexamethasone	2 (67)	2 (67)	1 (33)	1 (33)	6 (50)
Leading to treatment discontinuation					
Discontinuation of BGB-11417	0	0	0	0	0
Discontinuation of dexamethasone	0	0	0	0	0
DLT	0	0	0	0	0

Data cutoff: 16 September 2022.

#### Dose escalation is ongoing and RP2D was not achieved

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#### ABBREVIATIONS

AE, adverse event; Bcl-2, B-cell lymphoma 2; BRR, better response rate; CR, complete response; CTCAE, Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events; DLT, dose limiting toxicity; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; El, equivalence interval; Ig, immunoglobulin; MCL1, myeloid leukemia cell differentiation protein; MAD, maximum assessed dose; MM, multiple myeloma; MR, minimal response; MTD, maximum tolerated dose; mTPI-2, modified toxicity probability interval; NE, non evaluable; ORR, overall response rate; PD, progressive disease; PK, pharmacokinetics; PR, partial response; PS, performance status; R-ISS, Revised International Staging System; RP2D, recommended phase 2 dose; R/R, relapsed/refractory; sCR, stringent complete response; SD, stable disease; VGPR, very good partial response.

#### DISCLOSURES

**RC, CD, SP, VM, HC:** employed by and equity ownership with BeiGene; **HQ:** research funding from Amgen, GSK, Karyopharm, BMS, Antengene, Abbvie, Sanofi; honoraria from Amgen, GSK, Karyopharm, BMS, Antengene, Janssen, CSL; advisory committee member of Amgen, GSK, Karyopharm, BMS, Antengene, Janssen, CSL, Sanofi; **RR:** owns stock in CSL Behring; honoraria from Abbvie; consultant for Janssen; **AS:** consultancy from BMS, Janssen, Amgen, Haemalogix, Abbvie, Pfizer; research funding from Janssen, AbbVie; honoraria from BMS, Janssen, Amgen, Haemalogix, Abbvie, Pfizer; research funding from MMRF, Curio Science, Aptitude Health, SINTOMA, CURE, Plexus Communications; advisory committee member of Sanofi, Arcellx, BMS; **BD:** research funding from Janssen, Arcellx, BMS, Sanofi, Carsgen, Cartesian, Fate; honoraria from Karyopharm, BMS, Janssen, Sanofi, GSK, Amgen, Takeda; speakers bureau member of Karyopharm, Sanofi, Janssen; advisory committee member of Pfizer, Abbvie, Genentech.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to thank the investigators, site support staff, and especially the patients for participating in this study This study was sponsored by BeiGene. Editorial support was provided by Medical Expressions and funded by BeiGene.

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