Concordance Among Three Programmed Death-Ligand 1 Scoring Methods and Their Association With Clinical Outcomes of Tislelizumab Monotherapy in Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma

Stefano Tamberi, 1* Yongqian Shu, 2 Jufeng Wang, 3 Zhendong Chen, 4 Sung-Bae Kim, 5 Chen-Yuan Lin, 6 Ken Kato, 7 Eric Van Cutsem, 8 Wenting Du, 9 Jingwen Shi,¹⁰ Tianyu Xia,¹¹ Ruiqi Huang,¹² Qiao Li,¹³ Yun Zhang,¹⁰ Zhirong Shen,¹⁰ Lin Shen¹⁴

¹Oncology Unit, Ravenna Hospital, AUSL Romagna, Ravenna, Italy; ²The First Affiliated Hospital of Nanjing Medical University, Nanjing, China; ³Henan Cancer Hospital, Zhengzhou, Henan, China; ⁴The Second Hospital of Anhui Medical University, Hefei, China; ⁵Asan Medical Center, University of Ulsan College of Medicine, Seoul, Republic of Korea; ⁶China Medical University Hospital, Taichung, Taiwan; ⁷National Cancer Center Hospital, Tokyo, Japan; ⁸University Hospitals Gasthuisberg Leuven and University of Leuven, Leuven, Belgium; ⁹Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China; ¹⁰Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Beijing, China; ¹¹Statistics, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Beijing, China; ¹²Statistics, BeiGene (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China; ¹³Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China; ¹⁴Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China; ¹⁵Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China; ¹⁶Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China; ¹⁸Clinical Biomarker, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Beijing, China; ¹⁸Clinical Biomarker, Biomarke ¹³Clinical Development, BeiGene (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Beijing, China; ¹⁴Peking University Cancer Hospital & Institute, Beijing, China

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- · Tumor area positivity (TAP) score at a cutoff of 10% and combined positive score (CPS) at a cutoff of 10 based on SP263 staining exhibited substantial concordance in esophageal squamous cell carcinomas (ESCCs) of patients enrolled in the RATIONALE-302 trial. TAP score showed less concordance with tumor cell (TC) score than CPS
- · Overall survival (OS) subgroup analysis showed comparable treatment effect in patients with ESCC treated with tislelizumab (TIS) by TAP score at a cutoff of 10%, CPS at a cutoff 10, and TC score at a cutoff of 1%
 - · These results indicate that the less time-consuming, visually estimated TAP score and CPS may be interchangeable for the clinical measurement of programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) expression in patients with ESCC



Background

- Multiple scoring methods and cutoffs have been developed to evaluate PD-L1 expression status for both TCs and immune cells (ICs) in patients with ESCC, and PD-L1 expression level has been associated with the degree of response to anti-programmed cell death protein-1 (PD-1)/PD-L1 therapy²
- The TAP score is determined by visually estimating the proportion of total tumor area covered by TCs and tumor-associated ICs with immunohistochemical staining positive for PD-L1.3 This score was developed as a combined score of PD-L1-positive TCs and tumor-associated ICs to evaluate PD-L1 expression based on simple, visual-based methodology to address the limitations of a cell-counting approach
- In patients with ESCC treated with TIS in combination with chemotherapy, similar OS has been demonstrated for PD-L1 subgroups defined by different scoring methods.⁴ The investigation presented in this poster was conducted to confirm this conclusion in patients treated with TIS monotherapy
- Here, we retrospectively investigated the concordance between 3 PD-L1 scoring methods and their association with clinical outcomes in RATIONALE-302, a phase 3 study of the anti-PD-1 antibody TIS versus investigator-chosen chemotherapy (ICC) as second-line treatment for advanced unresectable/ metastatic ESCC (NCT03430843)¹



Methods

- The open-label, phase 3 RATIONALE-302 study enrolled patients with advanced or metastatic ESCC with tumor progression during or after first-line systemic treatment
- These patients were randomly assigned (1:1) to receive intravenous TIS 200 mg every 3 weeks or ICC of paclitaxel, docetaxel, or irinotecan
- Patients enrolled in RATIONALE-302 with evaluable PD-L1 expression by TAP score (based on visual estimation of positive TCs and tumor-associated ICs) using the VENTANA PD-L1 (SP263) assay were categorized using a cutoff of 10%
- Stained slides from these patients were rescored post hoc using both CPS (based on counting positive TCs and tumor-associated ICs) at a cutoff of 10 and TC score (based on counting positive TCs only) at a cutoff of 1%, which are the thresholds currently used in ESCC patients treated with anti-PD-(L)1 therapy⁵⁻⁷
- The concordance at these thresholds between the 3 scoring methods was investigated. Clinical benefit (OS and objective response rate [ORR]) for PD-L1 subgroups was assessed



Results

Patients

• At data cutoff (December 1, 2020), 256 patients were enrolled in each treatment arm (TIS and ICC),

with baseline characteristics balanced across arms **PD-L1 Expression**

- Of 512 patients enrolled, 364 had evaluable TAP scores (TIS, n=180; ICC, n=184), of whom 355 had
- evaluable post hoc CPS and TC scores (TIS, n=175; ICC, n=180) • Based on cutoffs of TAP 10%, CPS 10, and TC 1%, PD-L1 status of 30.0%, 32.0%, and 39.4% of

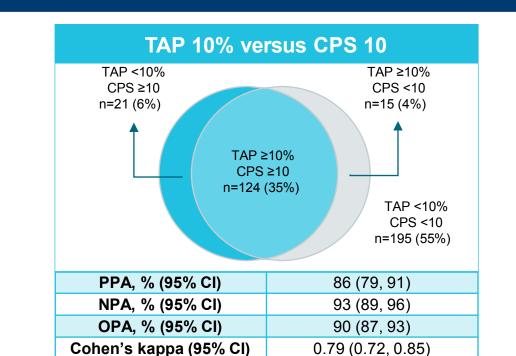
patients in the intent-to-treat analysis set were determined as positive, respectively **Concordance Between Scoring Methods**

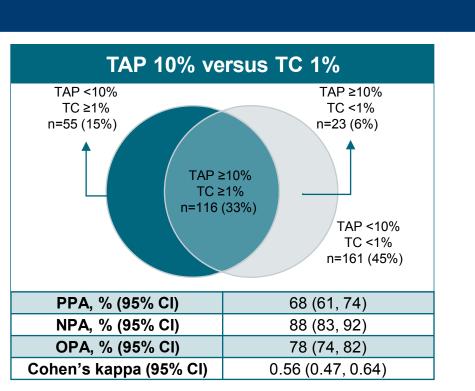
• TAP score and CPS showed a high concordance in terms of overall percentage agreement (OPA: 90%) and Cohen's kappa (0.79), while TAP and TC scores had a lower concordance (OPA: 78%; Cohen's kappa: 0.56), an expected outcome based on the different components of these 2 scoring methods (Figure 1)

Clinical Benefit in PD-L1 Subgroups

• Regardless of the PD-L1 scoring method used, similar clinical benefit (OS and ORR) was observed across all subgroups with a PD-L1 expression score above the cutoff, below the cutoff, as well as missing PD-L1 status (Tables 1 and 2, Figures 2-4)

Figure 1. Concordance Between Scoring Methods^a





^aIn the PD-L1-evaluable set, defined as all patients with tumors evaluable for scoring using the TAP, CPS, and TC methods. CI, confidence interval; CPS, combined positive score; NPA, negative percentage agreement; OPA, overall percentage agreement; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; PPA, positive percentage agreement; TAP, tumor area positivity; TC, tumor cell.

Table 1: ORR Benefit in PD-L1 Subgroups by Scoring Methoda

	PD-L1 Status	ORR, ^b %	(95% CI) ^c	Odds Ratio ^d (95% CI)	<i>P</i> -value						
		TIS	ICC								
TAP Score	≥10%	26.3 (17.0, 37.3)	11.3 (4.7, 21.9)	2.80 (1.10, 7.09)	0.0268						
	<10%	16.0 (9.4, 24.7)	9.0 (4.6, 15.6)	1.92 (0.85, 4.36)	0.1140						
	Missinge	19.7 (11.5, 30.5)	9.7 (4.0, 19.0)	2.28 (0.87, 5.98)	0.0880						
CPS	≥10	23.8 (14.9, 34.6)	9.2 (3.5, 19.0)	3.06 (1.14, 8.20)	0.0218						
	<10	17.9 (10.8, 27.1)	10.4 (5.5, 17.5)	1.87 (0.84, 4.14)	0.1197						
	Missinge	19.8 (11.7, 30.1)	9.2 (3.8, 18.1)	2.43 (0.94, 6.28)	0.0627						
TC Score	≥1%	21.3 (13.5, 30.9)	9.1 (3.7, 17.8)	2.70 (1.08, 6.79)	0.0302						
	<1%	19.8 (11.7, 30.1)	10.7 (5.5, 18.3)	2.06 (0.90, 4.72)	0.0851						
	Missinge	19.8 (11.7, 30.1)	9.2 (3.8, 18.1)	2.43 (0.94, 6.28)	0.0627						

^aIn the ITT analysis set, which included all randomized patients; ^bORR was unconfirmed and defined as the proportion of patients with a PR or CR assessed by investigator per RECIST version 1.1; °Two-sided 95% CI was calculated using the Clopper-Pearson method; dObjective response rate and odds ratios

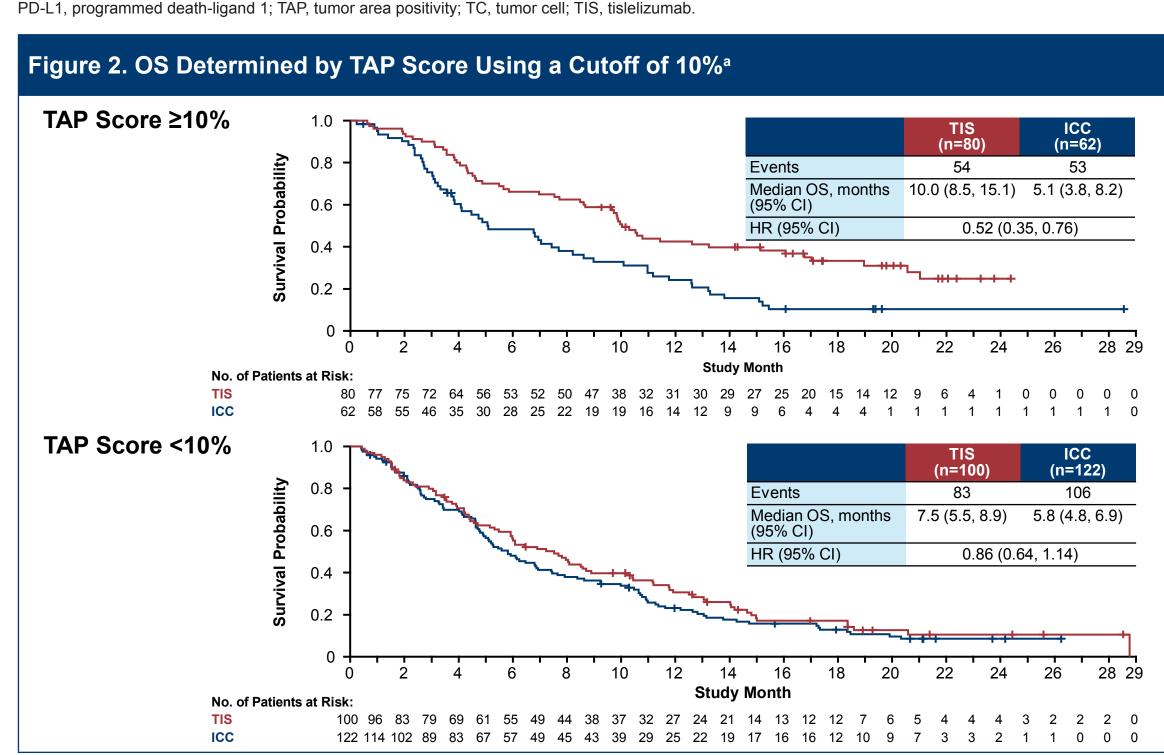
between arms were calculated using the unstratified Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel Chi-square test; ^eMissing refers to patients without sample collection, with non-evaluable samples, or with scored unqualified samples reclassified after database lock.

CI, confidence interval; CPS, combined positive score; CR, complete response; ICC, investigator-chosen chemotherapy; ITT, intent-to-treat; ORR, objective response rate; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; PR, partial response; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours; TAP, tumor area positivity; TC, tumor cell; TIS, tislelizumab.

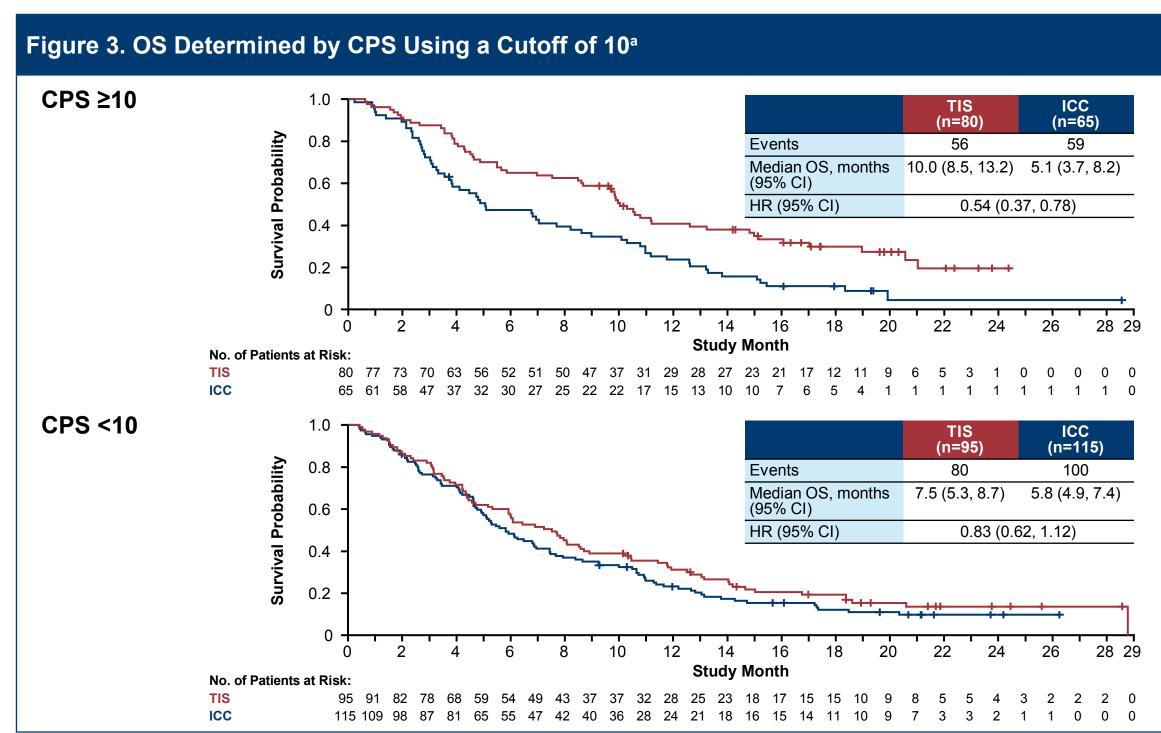
Table 2: OS Benefit in PD-L1 Subgroups by Scoring Methoda

	PD-L1 Status	TIS event /total	ICC event /total	OS HR⁵ (95% CI)	OS HR ^b (95% CI)	Interaction <i>P</i> -value
TAP Score	≥10%	54/80	53/62	⊢	0.52 (0.35, 0.76)	
	<10%	83/100	106/122	<u> </u>	0.86 (0.64, 1.14)	0.1707
	Missing ^c	60/76	54/72		0.72 (0.49, 1.04)	
CPS	≥10	56/80	59/65	- ■	0.54 (0.37, 0.78)	
	<10	80/95	100/115		0.83 (0.62, 1.12)	0.2296
	Missing ^c	61/81	54/76	-	0.71 (0.49, 1.03)	
TC Score	≥1%	69/94	69/77	⊢	0.56 (0.40, 0.79)	
	<1%	67/81	90/103	-	0.83 (0.60, 1.14)	0.2519
	Missing ^c	61/81	54/76	-	0.71 (0.49, 1.03)	

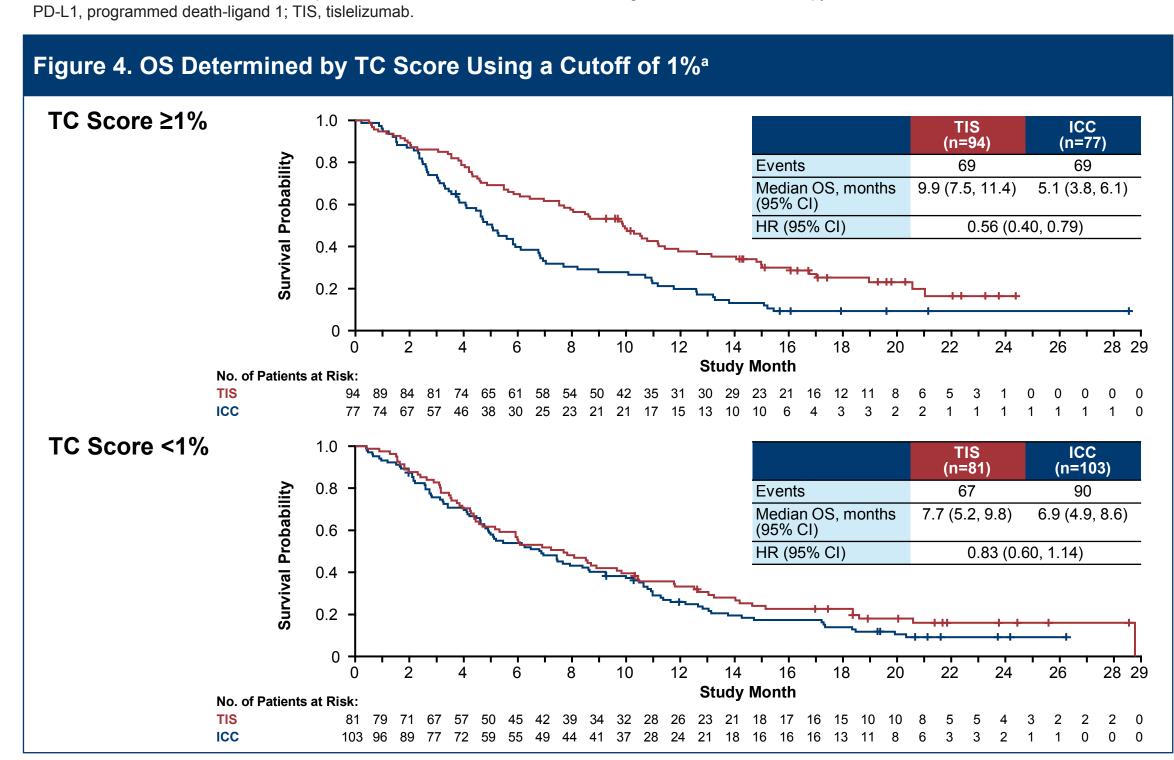
^aIn the ITT analysis set, which included all randomized patients; ^bHazard ratio was based on the unstratified Cox regression model including treatment as a covariate; Missing refers to patients without sample collection, with non-evaluable samples, or with scored unqualified samples reclassified after database lock. CI, confidence interval; CPS, combined positive score; HR, hazard ratio; ICC, investigator-chosen chemotherapy; ITT, intent-to-treat; OS, overall survival;



^aIn the PD-L1-evaluable set using the TAP scoring method CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; ICC, investigator chosen chemotherapy; OS, overall survival; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; TAP, tumor area positivity; TIS, tislelizumab.



^aIn the PD-L1-evaluable set using the CPS scoring method CI, confidence interval; CPS, combined positive score; HR, hazard ratio; ICC, investigator chosen chemotherapy; OS, overall survival;



^aIn the PD-L1-evaluable set using the TC scoring method. CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; ICC, investigator chosen chemotherapy; OS, overall survival; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; TC, tumor cell; TIS. tislelizumab.

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