Review of Phase 1/2 Study Investigating Safety,
Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics and Preliminary
Antitumor Activities of Anti-PD-1 Monoclonal
Antibody BGB-A317 in Chinese Subjects with
Advanced Solid Tumors

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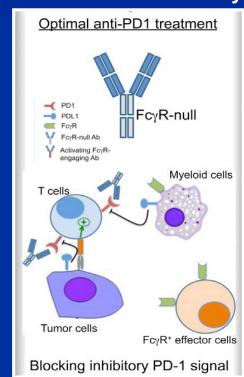
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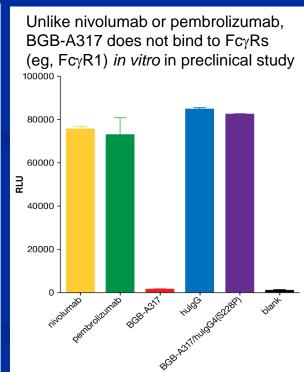


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BGB-A317: A Uniquely Engineered Anti-PD-1 Monoclonal Antibody

- Monoclonal antibodies against the immune checkpoint inhibitory receptor, programmed cell death-1 (PD-1), have demonstrated antitumor activity across multiple malignancies¹
- BGB-A317 is a humanized IgG4 monoclonal antibody with high affinity and binding
 - specificity against PD-1
 - Optimal anti-PD-1 mAb does not bind to FcγRs via its Fc fragment (FcγR–null anti-PD-1 mAb)
 - Binding of anti-PD-1 to FcγRs
 (eg, FcγRI or FcγRIIb)
 attenuates anti-tumor efficacy
 of Ab in animal models of
 cancer





Abbreviations: FcγR, Fc region of IgG receptors; IgG, immunoglobulin; PD-1, programmed cell death-1.



Ongoing First-in-Human Study of BGB-A317

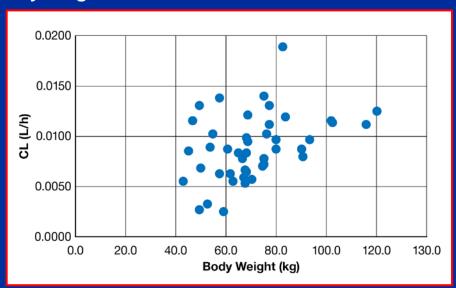
- A preliminary report from the ongoing first-in-human (FIH) study (NCT02407990) in patients with advanced solid tumors suggest BGB-A317 has antitumor activity, and manageable safety/tolerability profile where adverse events (AEs) were generally of mild/moderate severity and reversible¹
 - Conducted in Australia, Korea, New Zealand, Taiwan, and the United
 States
 - BGB-A317 has been administered IV at doses from 0.5, 2, 5 up to 10 mg/kg Q2W with no MTD identified and only 1 DLT of Grade 3 colitis occurred



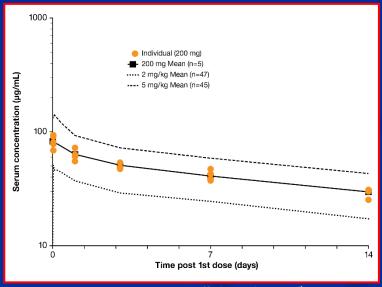
Recommended Dose for Future Pivotal Studies was Established in the FIH Study

A fixed dose of 200 mg Q3W was selected as the recommended phase 2 dose (RP2D); factors contributing to this decision included:

1. Lack of correlation between clearance (CL) and body weight



2. Pharmacokinetics of BGB-A317 at 200mg Q3W dose falls in between 2 and 5 mg/kg



cut-off-date: Apr. 18th, 2017

- 3. There was no significant difference in safety observed between 2 mg/kg and 5mg/kg
- 4. BGB-A317 (2 and 5 mg/kg Q2-3W) was tolerated and demonstrated preliminary antitumor activity



Design of BGB-A317-102 Study: Phase 1/2 Study of BGB-A317 in Chinese Patients

1: Dose verification*

2: Indication expansion**

200 mg Q3W

RP2D

*Three to six subjects were enrolled to assess
DLT and RP2D; if no DLT was found, this cohort
would be expanded up to 20 subjects

**In the indication-extension stage, ~20 subjects are enrolled into each arm. For tumors that are difficult to enroll, the Sponsor may early terminate the enrollment of subjects in this arm.

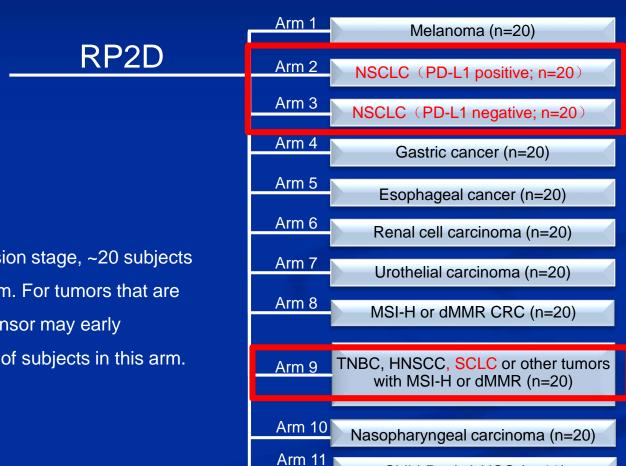
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Arm 1	Melanoma (n=20)
Arm 2	NSCLC (PD-L1 positive; n=20)
Arm 3	NSCLC (PD-L1 negative; n=20)
Arm 4	Gastric cancer (n=20)
Arm 5	Esophageal cancer (n=20)
Arm 6	Renal cell carcinoma (n=20)
Arm 7	Urothelial carcinoma (n=20)
Arm 8	MSI-H or dMMR CRC (n=20)
Arm 9	TNBC, HNSCC, SCLC or other tumors with MSI-H or dMMR (n=20)
Arm 10	Nasopharyngeal carcinoma (n=20)
Arm 11	Child-Pugh A HCC (n=20)

Lung Cancer Treatment Arms of BGB-A317-102 Study Phase 2

2: Indication expansion**

Child-Pugh A HCC (n=20)



**In the indication-extension stage, ~20 subjects are enrolled into each arm. For tumors that are difficult to enroll, the Sponsor may early terminate the enrollment of subjects in this arm.

Endpoints of Study BGB-A317-102

Phase I

Primary Endpoints:
 BGB-A317 safety and tolerability
 MTD (if any) and/or RP2D (s)

Second Endpoints:

PK evaluations

Efficacy evaluations: ORR, CR rate, PR rate, SD rate, PFS, DOR, and duration of SD and OS Immunogenic responses to BGB-A317

Phase II

Primary Endpoints:
ORR

Second Endpoints:

Efficacy evaluations: CR rate, PR rate, SD rate, PFS, DOR, and duration of SD and OS
BGB-A317 safety and tolerability
PK evaluations
Immunogenic responses to BGB-A317



Target Population Profile of BGB-A317-102 Study

- Subjects with advanced or metastatic solid tumors (unresectable)
 progressed since last anti-tumor treatment, have no standard
 treatment or have refused standard therapy
- For NSCLC Arms Arm 2 (PD-L1 positive) and Arm 3 (PD-L1 negative)
 - Subjects must be EGFR wild type and without known ALK gene rearrangements
 - ➤ PD-L1 expression must be tested prospectively at the central laboratory (using Ventana PD-L1 protocol [SP263 antibody])

PD-L1 positive: ≥10%

PD-L1 negative: <10%



Study BGB-A317-102 Site List

Site No.	Site Name	PI Name	Site No.	Site Name	PI Name
01	Guangdong General Hospital	Yi-Long Wu*	14	Hospital, Zhejiang Univesity, School of Medicine	Hongming Pan
02	Beijing Cancer Hospital	Lin Shen**	15	Fudan University Shanghai Cancer center	Dingwei Ye
03	Beijing Cancer Hospital	Jun Guo**	16	Cancer Institute and Hospital, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences	Jie Wang
06	Harbin Medical University Cancer Hospital	Yuxian Bai			
07	Harbin Medical University Cancer Hospital	Qingyuan Zhang	17	The fifth Affiliated Hospital Sun Yat-Sen University	Siyang Wang
08	Zhongshan Hospital of Fudan University	Tianshu Liu	18	Sun Yat-sen Memorial hospital, Sun Yat-sen University	Xiaoming Huang
10	The Second Affiliated Hospital Zhejiang University School of	Ying Yuan	19	Cancer Center of Guangzhou Medical University	Chuan Jin
	Medicine		20	Fudan University Shanghai Cancer center The First Affiliated Hospital of Nanchang University	Ye Xu Ting Sun
11	Beijing Cancer Hospital	Jun Zhao			
12	Cancer Institute and Hospital, Chinese Academy of Medical	Aiping Zhou 21 22	21		
	Sciences		22	Henan Provincial Tumor Hospital	Quanli Gao
13	The People's Hospital of Jiangsu Province	Yongqian Shu			€

Summary of Current Study Status

- As of Jun. 16 2017, 20 patients were enrolled into Phase 1 study
 - No DLT has been observed among 19 evaluable patients in Phase I that experienced ≥21 days follow up
 - > 200 mg Q3W was confirmed as RP2D in Chinese patients
- Patients are currently enrolled into Arm 2, 3 and 9 of Phase 2 study and dosed with BGB-A317 200 mg Q3W



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